THE

CRISIS.

N U M B E R XLVI. To be continued Weekly.

SATURDAY, DECEM. 2, 1775. [Price Two Pence Half-penny.

Go on vile Prince by lawless strides, and try
How soon your Crown will fade, your Empire die.
By your base arts, AMERICA shall RISE,
The name of Slave and George alike despise.
Great Britain's sons, will fight in freedom's cause,
And gladly bleed, to save their rights and laws.

TO THE KING.

SIR,

VERY age has produced Heroes and Politicians, and every age has produced COWARDS and TYRANTS; among the latter, fucceeding generations will rank you the first; they will read with horrour and detetlation, the annals of your reign (for you and your ministers, like Cataline and his accomplices, seem to have drank a cup of HU-

MAN BLOOD, as a pledge of your UNION) the faithful Historian will paint you in your true colours, as a weak, wicked, infidious Prince, enflamed with rage, and with an implous and daring hand, overturning every thing held facred amongst men, and destroying with unceasing sury; the natural rights of mankind, and the constitutions of Empires.

He will represent you at the head of a bribed, corrupt, abandoned, hellish Parliament, and a diabolical House of Lords, persuing measures, and framing laws (under all the forms of a constitution once hell-sacred) equally injust, cruel, and bloody; laws defigned for the horrid purpose of destroying, or enslaving mankind; laws which none but those who possess the qualities of a Dæmon could suggest; and laws which none but parricides and Tyrants, could either assent to, or carry into execution.

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He will represent you with a groupe of robbers and murderers, cowards and traitors, always round your throne, whose ruinous and destructive advice you implicitly followed, contrary to the general fense of the Nation, and sent FAMINE, FIRE, and SWORD, into every part of the Empire, where your lawless will, and arbitary mandates were not obeyed; that you violated all the laws of God and man, of nature and nations, and made a cruel and unprovoked war upon your country and people; laid towns in ashes, depopulated whole provinces, flaughtered indifcriminately and without mercy, men, women, and children, by means of an army of foreign and domestic mercenaries, and involved in all the dreadful calamities of CIVIL WAR, more than THREE MILLIONS of innocent people; that your most folemn promises were calculated to deceive, that your Coronation Oath could not bind you, and that the fanctity of religion was made a cloak for the greatest iniquities, to this black catalogue of crimes; he will add the crying fins of ingratitude, treachery, and baseness. He will declare you broke, outragiously broke, every tye, that could bird a human foul; honour, virtue, religion, law, truit, humanity, and every thing that is facred amongst men; that you was chosen first magistrate over a brave and free people; greatly honoured and supported in all the pomp of regal state, and trusted by them, with the military and naval force of the kingdom, and the executive power of the laws; that all this power and credit, and all those forces by fea and land, you turned, ungratefully, barbaroufly, and traiterously, against the people your masters, and made, or wanted to make, a prey of them, with their own money and arms.

Reflect, Sir. in time, refolve at once to alter your conduct, and it is possible you may yet redeem your character; a system of tyranny and blood seldom succeeds, and when it does, it always proves satal, not only to the Tyrant, but to his race; of this we have many instan-

ces, not only in the Roman and Grecian history, but in our own; it is true you may now go great lengths, with the affistance of those archtraitors Bute and Mansfield, and the Officers of the Devonshire Militia who have addressed you for that purpose; but, Sir, you will certainly meet with some opposition in England, though I fear, not with so severe a chastisement as you have already met with from our brave and virtuous brethren in AMERICA, who equally despise your power and your chains. Indeed your favage mercenaries, next spring, by Lord North's account, are to do wonders, and that old letcher Sandwich, your first Lord of the Admiralty, who is remarkable for not speaking truth, has confirmed his affertions; this is one of the most ruinous and villainous plans that has difgraced the present reign; ruinous, because it will for ever seperate the Colonies from Britain, and deprive England at once, of the whole commerce of America, and one half of her natural strength, besides making the Americans our rivals in trade as well as empire; villainous, for it has its foundation in felony, because it is done with no other view or defign, but that of robbing the people of England of their money, as ten times the number of Foreign Slaves, more than what is, or may be proposed, will never answer any good purpose, it is impossible for them to fight with success, against FREE-MEN and BRITONS; this, Sir, both you and your Ministers are convinced of, but when you have fixed upon a scheme of Blood and Plunder, it is never given up. Next year, Sir, you may possibly find yourfelf, your Ministers, your Generals, and your Soldiers, not crowned with laurels and victory, but covered with difgrace and infamy.

The Americans, Sir, whom you have by cruelty and oppression forced into arms, to defend their lives, their liberties, their property, their wives, and children, are fired with the noblest of views, the love of FREEDOM and their COUNTRY; they will fight with an ardour unknown to slaves, and conquer whilst justice and Heaven is on their side, ten thousand legion of mercenary men. They know, Sir, what the people of England seem to have forgot, that if all the privileges and impunity belonging to a just Prince, who protects his people, and rules himself and them by law, and their own consent, do also belong to a public oppressor, scarge, executitner, and plunderer, then these blessed consequences follow; that there is an utter end of all public and private right and wrong, every King may be a Tyrant, and every Tyrant a just magistrate; if it is unlawful to resist the greatest human evil, the necessary means of SELF-PRESERVATION, are unlawful;

and though it is lawful to destroy little robbers, who have as much right, and more innocence, than great ones; yet it is impious and unlawful to oppose great robbers, who, out of lust, avarice, revenge, rage, cruelty, or wantonness, take away liberty, life, and property, and destroy nations at pleasure: That real, great, and general mischief, is desended by giving it a good name, by which he who commits it is protected; violence, fraud, and oppression, may be committed with security, if they be but called Magistracy; and the execrable authors of them are not only safe, but sacred, if they be but called Magistrates. Though it is unlawful to be a public destroyer and murderer, yet it is unlawful to destroy him, or his instruments; that is, it is unlawful to prevent or punish that which is most impious and unlawful; and, sinally, that any man who can oppress and enslave the world, and destroy nations, may do all this with impunity.

The AMERICANS, Sir, know, and they are determined to let you know, that is the most wicked and absurd position, to affert, that a whole people can ever be in such a situation, as not to have a RIGHT to defend and preserve themselves, when there is no other power in being to protest and defend them; and much more, that they must not oppose a TYRANT, a TRAITOR, an universal ROBBER, who, by violence, treachery, rapine, infinite murders, and devastations, has deprived them of their legal protection.

It was, Sir, a known maxim of liberty amongst the great, the wise, the free ancients, (which the Americans seem well acquainted with) that a TYRANT was a beast of prey, which might be killed by the spear, as well as by a fair chace, in his court as well as in his camp, that every man had a right to destroy one. who would destroy all men; that no law ought to be given him, who took away all law; and that, like Hercules's monsters, it was glorious to rid the world of him, when ever, and by what means soever, it could be done.

If we read, Sir, the stories of the most celebrated heroes of antiquity (men of whom but very sew of the present generation are worthy) and consider the actions that gained them their highest reverence and renown, and recommend their names to posterity with the most advantage; we shall find those in the sirst rank of glory, who have resisted, destroyed, or expelled Tyrants and Usurpers,

the pefts, the burthens, and the butchers of mankind. What, Sir, can be more meritorious, what more godlike and beneficient to the world, than the faving millions of men at the expence of one GRAND MURDERER, one mercilefs and universal plunderer? And can there be any better or juster reason given for the opposing, nay, killing of a Tyrant and his Instruments, than that of preserving the innocent? Indeed an action so great, glorious, and advantageous to mankind, is highly noble and praise-worthy; and can never be cenfured, but by abject statterers, and survive creatures of power, who are always ready to fanctify and abet, any, the most enormous wickedness in Kings, whilst it is attended with profit to themselves.

By the maxim, Sir, before mentioned, and the first law of nature, self-preservation, the Americans are determined to act. They have likewise on their side, the spirit of the British Constitution, and of those laws of liberty which have subsisted for many hundred years.

They have already shewn a firmness, intrepidity, and bravery, in the cause of FREEDOM and their COUNTRY, against the tyramy and appression of your MAJESTY, and your Ministers, which have already gained them the love, esteem, and admiration, of all just and good men throughout the world. They are, Sir, the open and declared enemies to TYRANNY, and all the artful shackles of a TYRANT, your rediculous scheme of sending Commissioners to America, to treat with the brave, virtuous, and godlike Americans, whilst the sword is at their throats, is sutile and absurd, and will be treated by them with the contempt and detestation it deserves; the desception and artisce is too thinly disguised not to be seen. They will act, Sir, to your cost, like Britons of old, they have, and will, prefer death to slavery? It is a true British spirit, that scorns an ignominious life, held at the mercy of a TYRANT, or to flatter his villainy and abet his TYRANNY; a spirit which those who want it can never admire.

Never, Sir, will eloquence, with all its pomp, never will the greatest genius be able to express the grandeur of your exploits, much less to add the least lustre to them, by the manner of relating them. I dare, however affirm, that among the many illustrious actions of GEORGE the THIRD, none will be more glorious, than those in America. I

often

often reflect, and find a real pleasure in publishing, that the noble actions of our most celebrated Generals, those of the most renowned Princes, or of the most warlike nations, cannot be compared with yours; whether we consider the greatness of wars, the multitude of battles, the different countries, the rapidity of conquests, or diversity of enterprises. By your victories, you have subdued a great number of regions, vastly distant from one another, and these you conquered as expeditieufly, as another would have travelled through them. And I should be void of all sense not to own, that such exploits are almost superior to any idea we can form to ourselves of them. The advantage of commodious posts, and encampments, the affistance of allies, naval forces. and feafonable convoys, contribute very much to victory. But in this war, you have no companion, no competitor to dispute glory with you; how bright, how august soever it be, (and nothing can be more so) tis all your own. Fortune herfelf, that haughty disposer of human events. cannot rob you of the least part of that honour; she yields it intirely to you, and acknowledges it wholly yours; for temerity and chance, are never found where WISDOM and PRUDENCE prefide.

Your conquests, Sir, will be read in our annals, and those of almost all nations; nor will they be forgot by the latest posterity. But when we read or hear of relations of wars and battles, it so happens, I know not how, that the admiration they excite, is in some measure interrupted by the tumultuous cries of orphans and widows, and the universal cry of unprovoked murder and masacree. But you, Sir, whom we have the happiness to see; you whose heart, whose very soul we know; you who have no designs, but such as tend to preserve the common-wealth, at least as much as has escaped the rage of war; what praises shall we pay you? What zeal and respect shall we shew you; the whole kingdom is sensible of your generosity; even the walls of St. Stephen, express their joy for the design you have of restoring the nation to its ancient SPLENDOR and AUTHORITY.

*** On Monday last, at noon, was published, (Price Two-pence Haif-penny) the SPIRITED PROTEST of the minority Lords, and his Grace the Duke of Manchester's animated speech, against an address to the King, and taking foreign troops into the pay of Great Britain, without consent of parliament.

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